> *restart*

> $f11 := p \rightarrow 9.509113070678449644490744883772 - 1.593458967420499960545272093080\,p$
$\qquad + 0.08434589674204996054527209307\,96\,p^2$

$f11 := p \rightarrow 9.509113070678449644490744883772 + (-1)$ **(1)**

$\qquad \cdot 1.593458967420499960545272093080\,p + 0.0843458967420499605452720930796\,p^2$

> $q := p \rightarrow 9.255917063943469086386245906\,22\,e^{-0.1\ln(p) - 0.1458214879232835850694268994\,41\,p}$

$q := p$ **(2)**

$\qquad \rightarrow 9.25591706394346908638624590622\,e^{(-1)\cdot 0.1\ln(p) + (-1)\cdot 0.1458214879232835850694268994\,41\,p}$

> $plot(f11(p) - q(p), p = 1..9)$
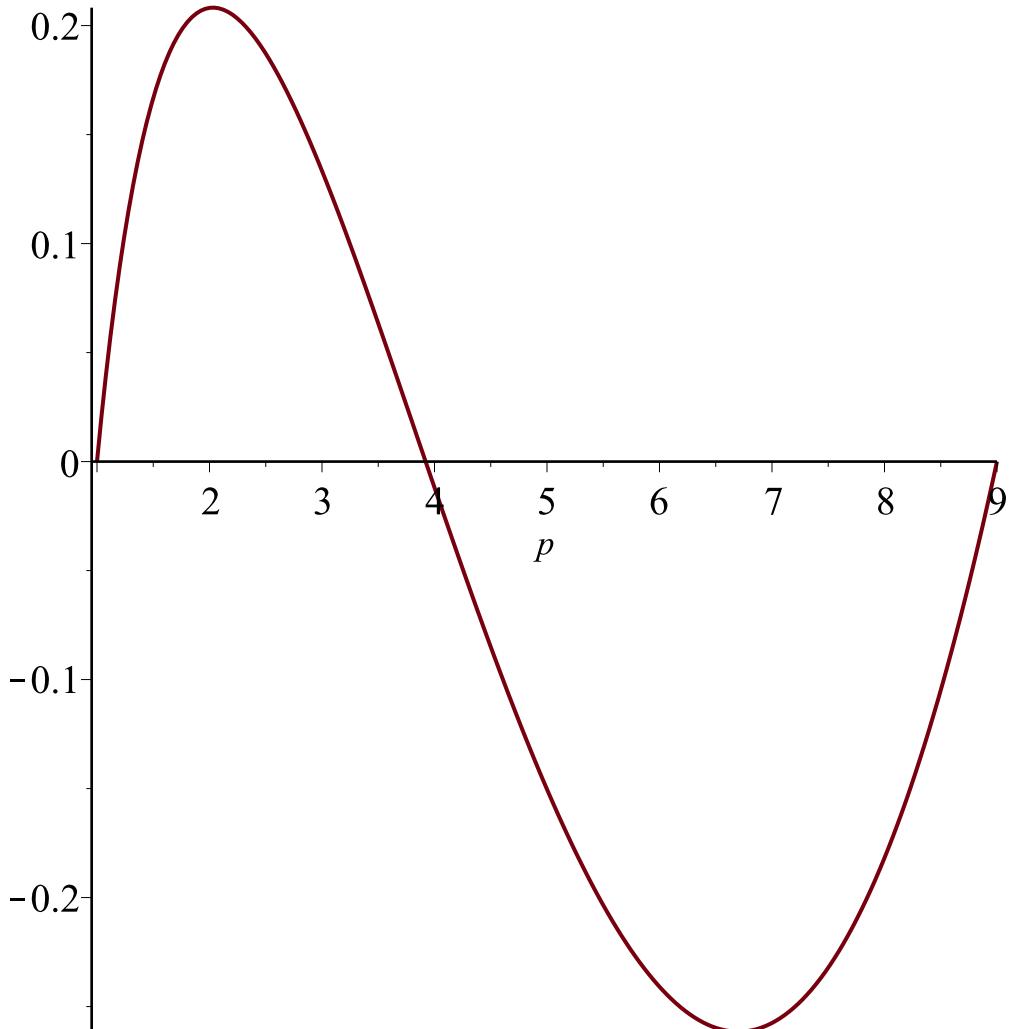
> $pe := solve(diff(f11(p) - q(p), p) = 0, p)$ assuming $1 < p < 9$
$\qquad$ *# Only 1 point was returned, while shall be two from above graph, I also tried the abs()*
$\qquad\qquad pe := 2.030837315$ **(3)**

> $allvalues(pe)$ *# Only one point returned...*
$\qquad\qquad 2.030837315$ **(4)**

> $?solve$

> $y := x \rightarrow 5\,x^3 + 2\,x^2 - 3\,x$

(5)

$$y := x \rightarrow 5\,x^3 + 2\,x^2 - 3\,x \tag{5}$$

> $plot(y(x), x = -1 .. 1)$
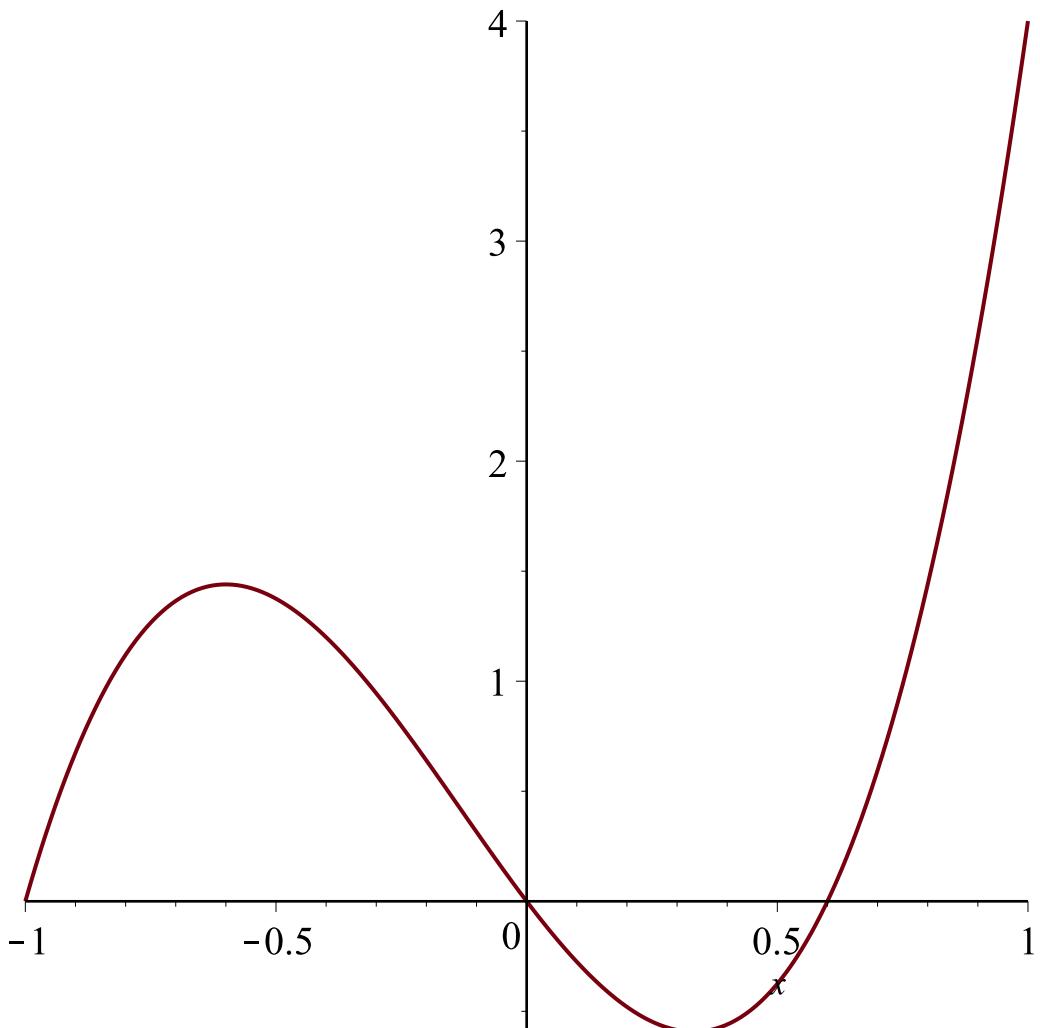
> $solve(diff\,(y(x), x) = 0, x)$ *# this is a correct return on simple function*

$$\frac{1}{3}, \ -\frac{3}{5} \tag{6}$$

>