```
> # want code that will find a trinomial that causes factorization
 > m := t^2 + t + 19 : 
 > try1 := subs(t = 2 \cdot p^2 + 3 \cdot p + 4, m);
 try1 := (2p^2 + 3p + 4)^2 + 2p^2 + 3p + 23
try2 := expand(try1);
try2 := 4 p^{4} + 12 p^{3} + 27 p^{2} + 27 p + 39
| try2 := 4 p^{4} + 12 p^{3} + 27 p^{2} + 27 p + 39
| 4 p^{4} + 12 p^{3} + 27 p^{2} + 27 p + 39
| try3 := factor(x^{2} - 1);
                                                                                                                   (1)
                                                                                                                   (2)
                                                                                                                   (3)
                                 try3 := (x-1) (x+1)
                                                                                                                   (4)
\supset with(StringTools):
> # I want to check if the expression try3 has parenthesis.
lacksquare + In the past, I changed the expression to a string, and then checked for the charachter "("
> # The command Has(expr,"(") may be helpful
 \rightarrow for a from 1 to 3 do
      for b from 1 to 2 do
      for c from 1 to 4 do
      temp := a \cdot w^2 + b \cdot w + c;
      temp2 := subs(p = temp, p^2 + p + 19);
      temp3 := expand(temp2);
      temp4 := factor(temp3);
      # if the expression temp4 has parenthesis then print to screen, hourrah we found one.
      end do:
      end do;
     #argh code not right.
```